

# Large Collectivity in $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$ studied by proton inelastic scattering

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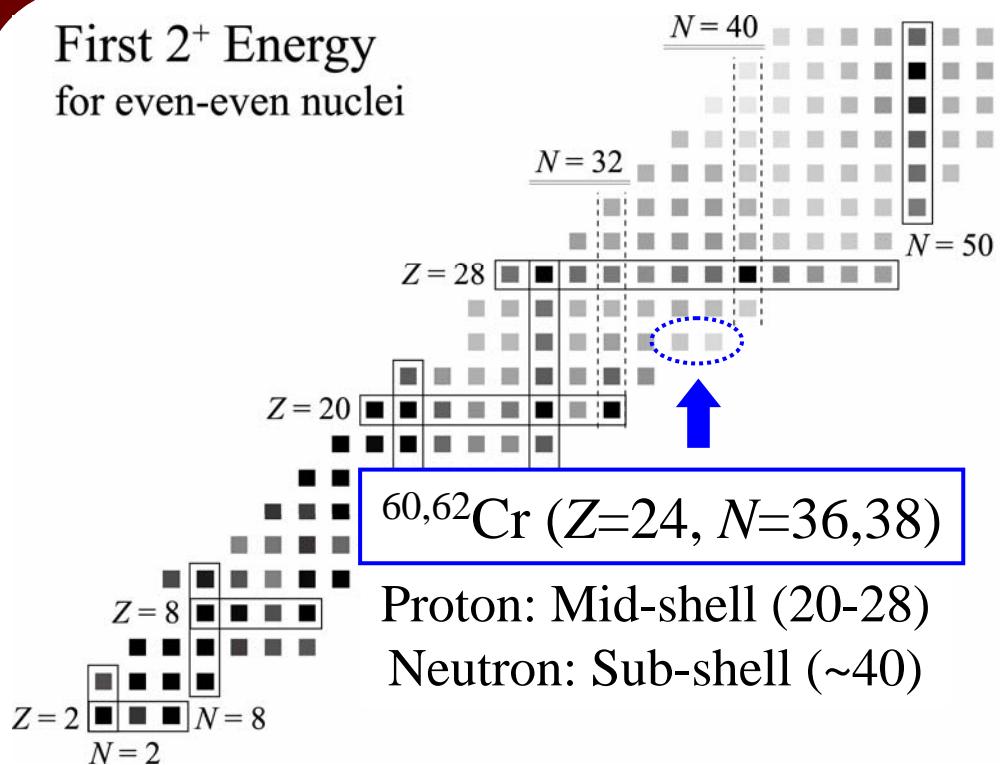
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# Neutron-rich Cr isotopes around $N=40$

First  $2^+$  Energy  
for even-even nuclei

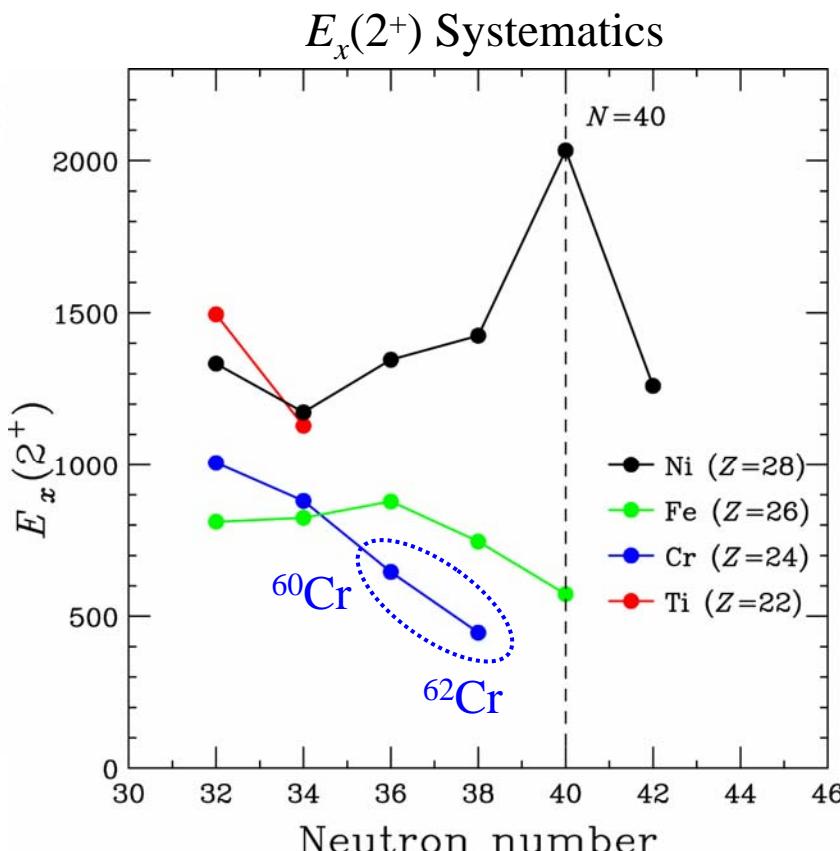


$E_x(2^+)$  of  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$  are lower than neighbor nuclei.

↓  
 $^{60}\text{Cr}$  646keV,  $^{62}\text{Cr}$  446keV

The large collectivity in  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$  ??

( $\beta-\gamma$ , O. Sorlin *et al.*, EPJA **16** (2003) 55.)



Reference:

- [ $^{68}\text{Ni}$ ] R. Broda *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74** (1995) 868.
- [ $^{70}\text{Ni}$ ] R. Grzywacz *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **81** (1998) 766.
- [ $^{60,62}\text{Fe}$ ] A.N. Wilson *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **9** (2000) 183.
- [ $^{64,66}\text{Fe}$ ] M. Hannawald *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **82** (1999) 1391.
- [ $^{58}\text{Cr}$ ] J.I. Prisciandaro *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **682** (2001) 200c.
- [ $^{54,56}\text{Ti}$ ] B. Fornal *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **70** (2004) 064304.

# Proton inelastic scattering on $^{60}\text{Cr}$ and $^{62}\text{Cr}$

Study of collectivity in  $^{60,62}\text{Cr} \leftarrow 2_1^+$  states

$(p,p')$  in inverse kinematics  
 $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy

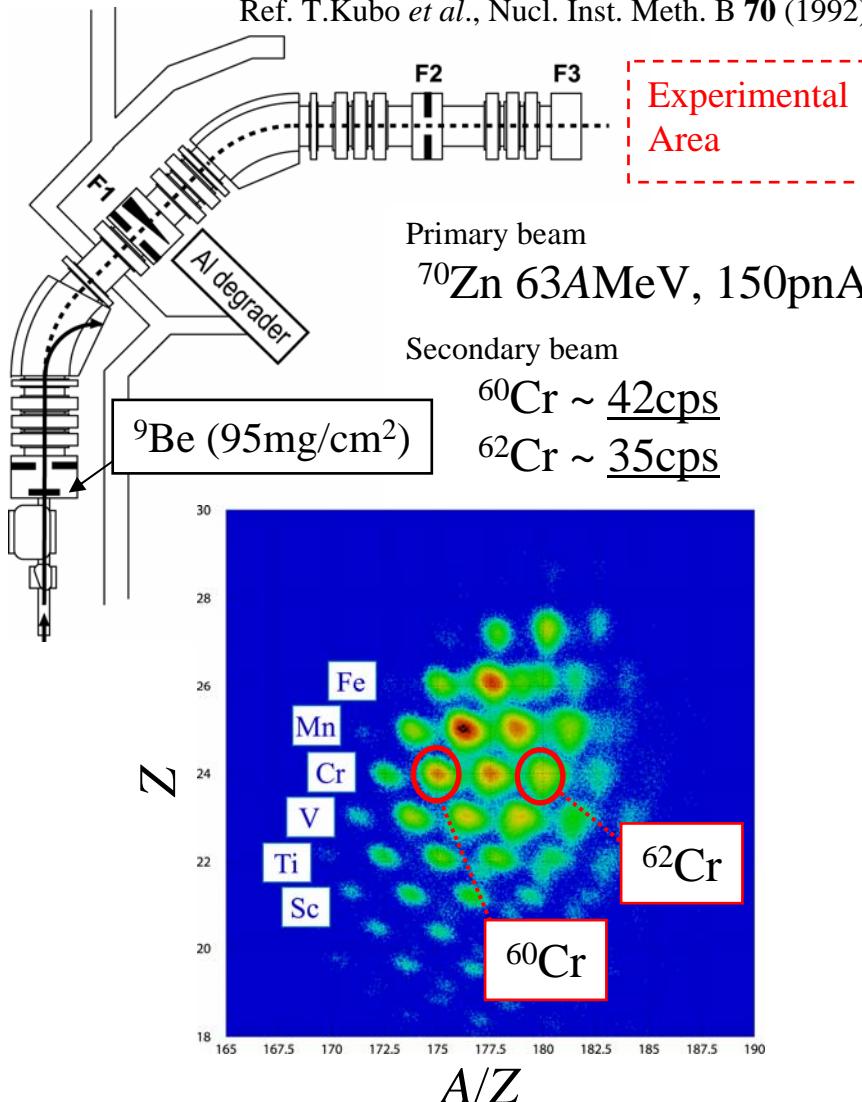
- Angle-integrated cross section  $\sigma_{pp},(2^+)$   

- deformation parameter  $\beta_{pp'}$

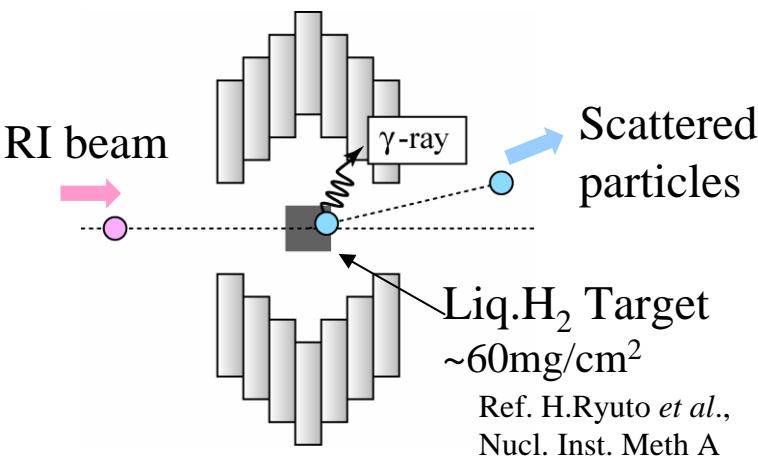
## Experimental Setup

## RIPS(RIKEN projectile-fragment separator)

Ref. T.Kubo *et al.*, Nucl. Inst. Meth. B **70** (1992) 309.



## Inelastic proton scattering



$$N_\gamma \rightarrow \sigma_{pp}, (2^+)$$

# NaI(Tl) array **DALI2**

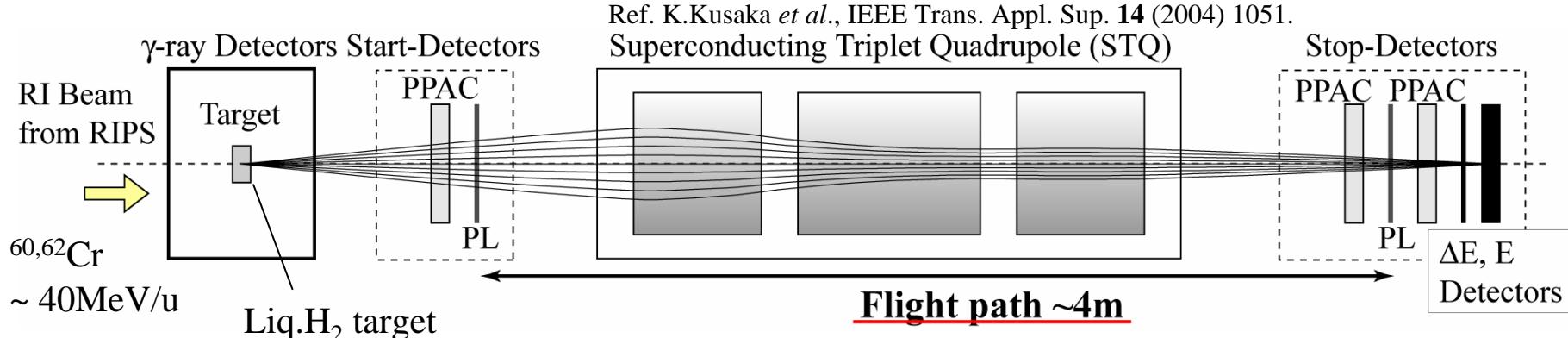
Ref. S.Takeuchi *et al.*, RIKEN Accel. Prog. Rep. **36**(2003)148

Efficiency : 26% @ 0.7MeV

Energy resolution : 10% @ 0.7MeV

(FWHM)  $(\beta \sim 0.3)$

# PID by TOF Spectrometer

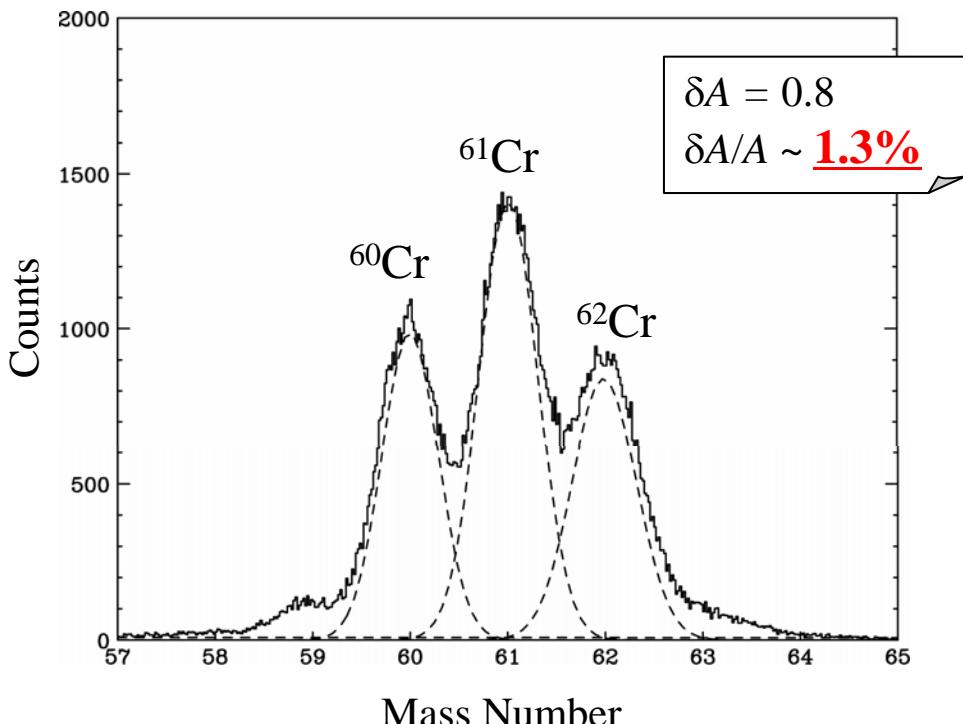


- TOF : Plastic scintillators (0.1mm)  
 $\delta\text{TOF}/\text{TOF} \sim 140\text{ps}/40\text{ns} = 0.4\%$
- $\Delta E$  : Si detectors (100μm)  
 $\delta\Delta E/\Delta E \sim 1.6\%$
- E : Si detectors (320μm)  
 $\delta E/E \sim 1.3\%$



$$Z \propto \sqrt{\Delta E} / \text{TOF}$$

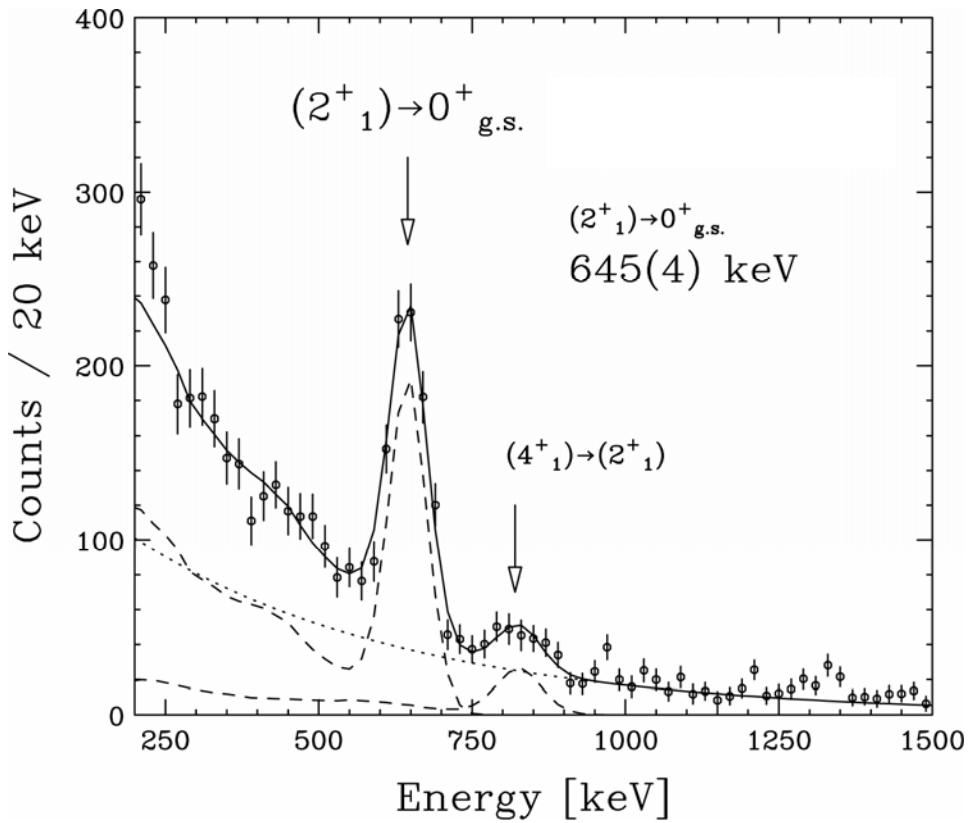
$$A \propto E \times (\text{TOF})^2$$



# Results of $^{60,62}\text{Cr}(p,p')$

# $\gamma$ -ray spectrum $^{60}\text{Cr}(p,p')$

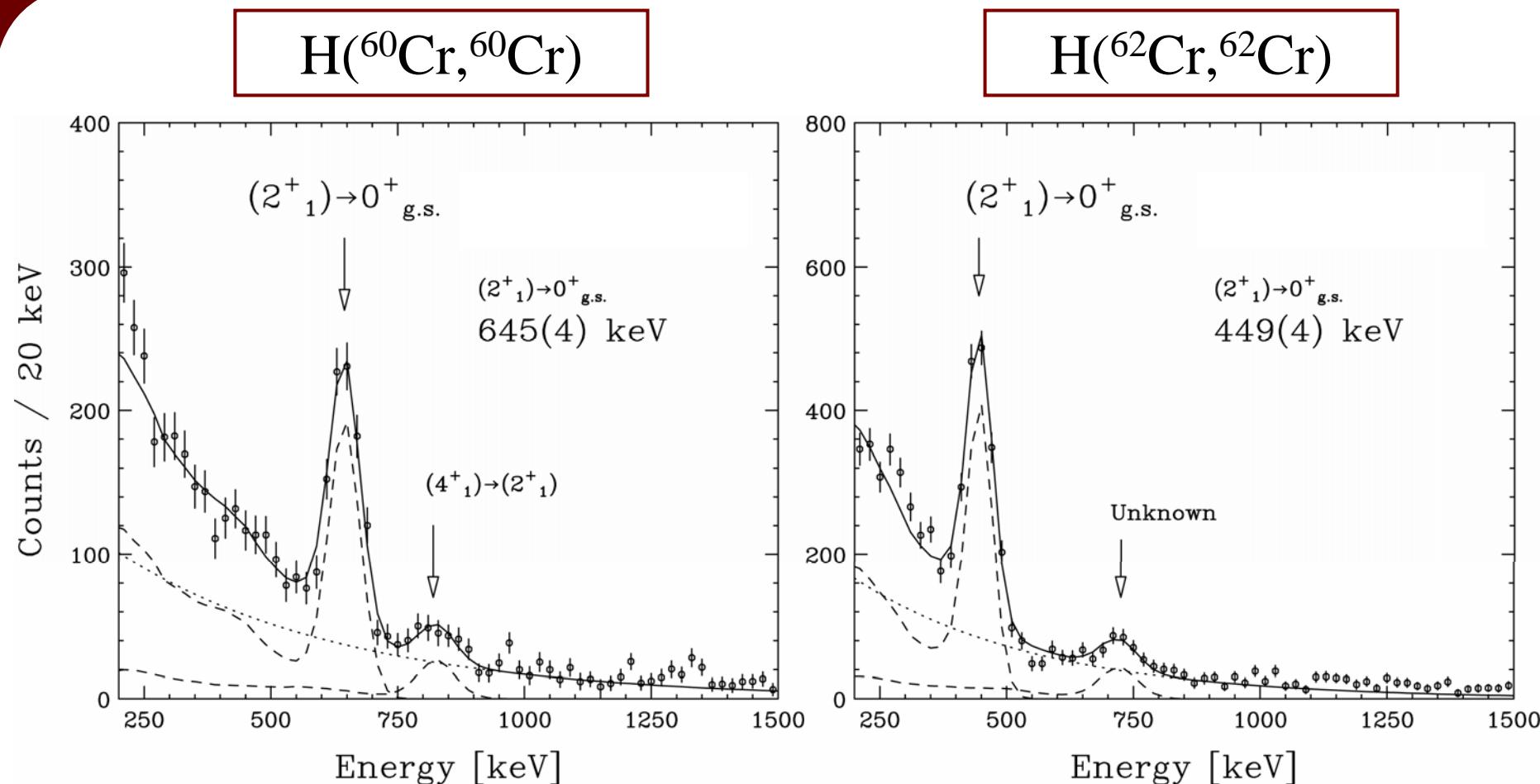
H( $^{60}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Cr}$ )



645 keV  $(2^+) \rightarrow 0^+_{\text{g.s.}}$   
 817 keV  $(4^+) \rightarrow (2^+)$

N. Marginean *et al.*, PLB **633** (06) 696.

# $\gamma$ -ray spectra $^{60}\text{Cr}(p,p')$ and $^{62}\text{Cr}(p,p')$

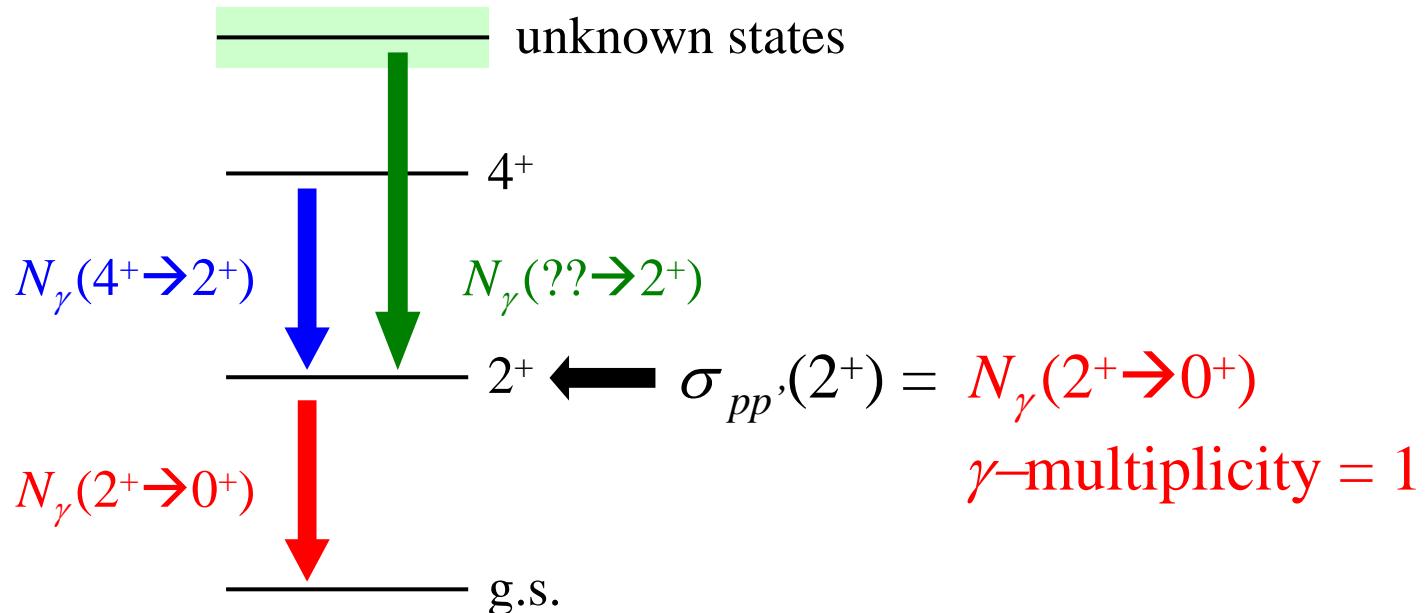


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N. Marginean *et al.*, PLB **633** (06) 696.

446 keV  $(2^+) \rightarrow 0^+_{\text{g.s.}}$   
 O. Sorlin *et al.*, EPJA **16** (2003) 55

# Cross section $\sigma(2^+)$



- Angle integrated cross section  $\sigma_{pp},(2^+)$

$^{60}\text{Cr}$  : **26(7) [mb]**

$^{62}\text{Cr}$  : **38(6) [mb]**

# Cross section $\sigma(2^+)$ → deformation parameter $\beta_{pp}$ ,

- $\beta_{pp}$ , was deduced by the DWBA calculation from the cross section.

**$^{60}\text{Cr}$  :  $\beta_{pp}, = 0.28 \text{ (4)}$**

**$^{62}\text{Cr}$  :  $\beta_{pp}, = 0.31 \text{ (2)}$**

- Optical potential

Global optical potential

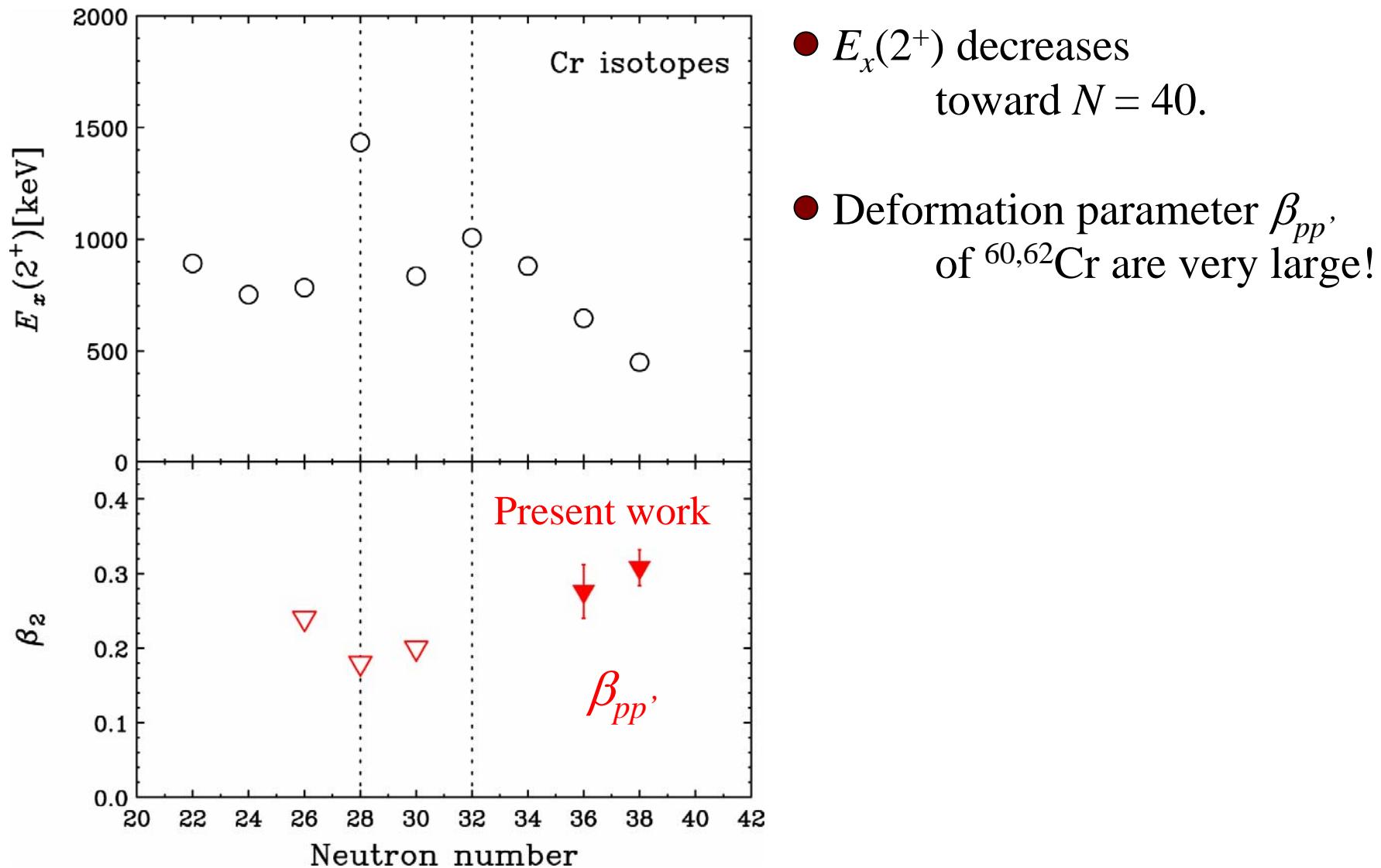
- R.L. Varner *et al.*, Phys. Rep. **201** (1991) 57.
- A.J. Koning *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **713** (2003) 231.
- F.D. Becchetti *et al.*, Phys. Rev. **182** (1969) 1190.

Elastic proton scattering of  $^{50,52,54}\text{Cr}$

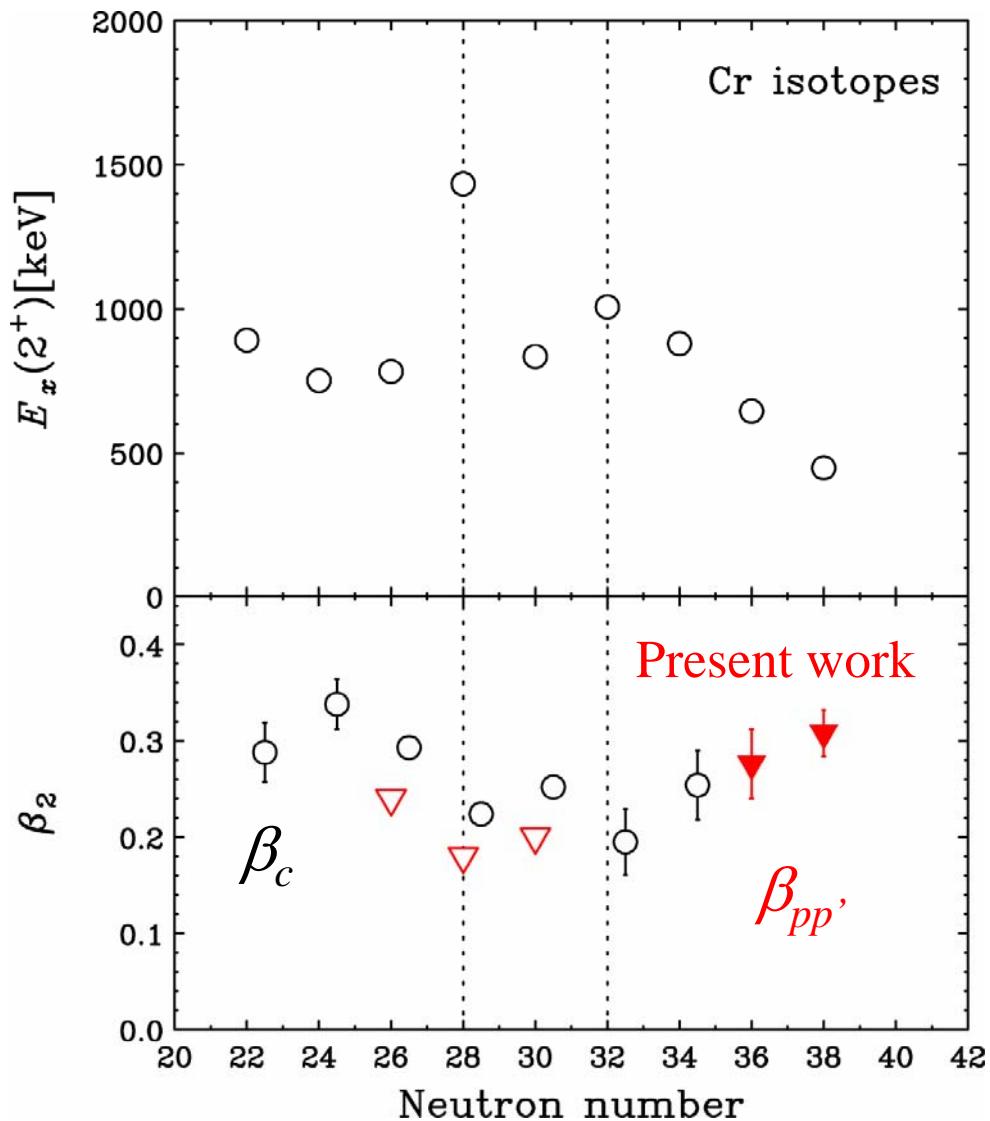
- E.Fabrici *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **21** (1980) 844.

Difference from the optical potential → ~10%

# Systematics of $E_x(2^+)$ , $\beta_2$ ( $\beta_c$ , $\beta_{pp}$ )

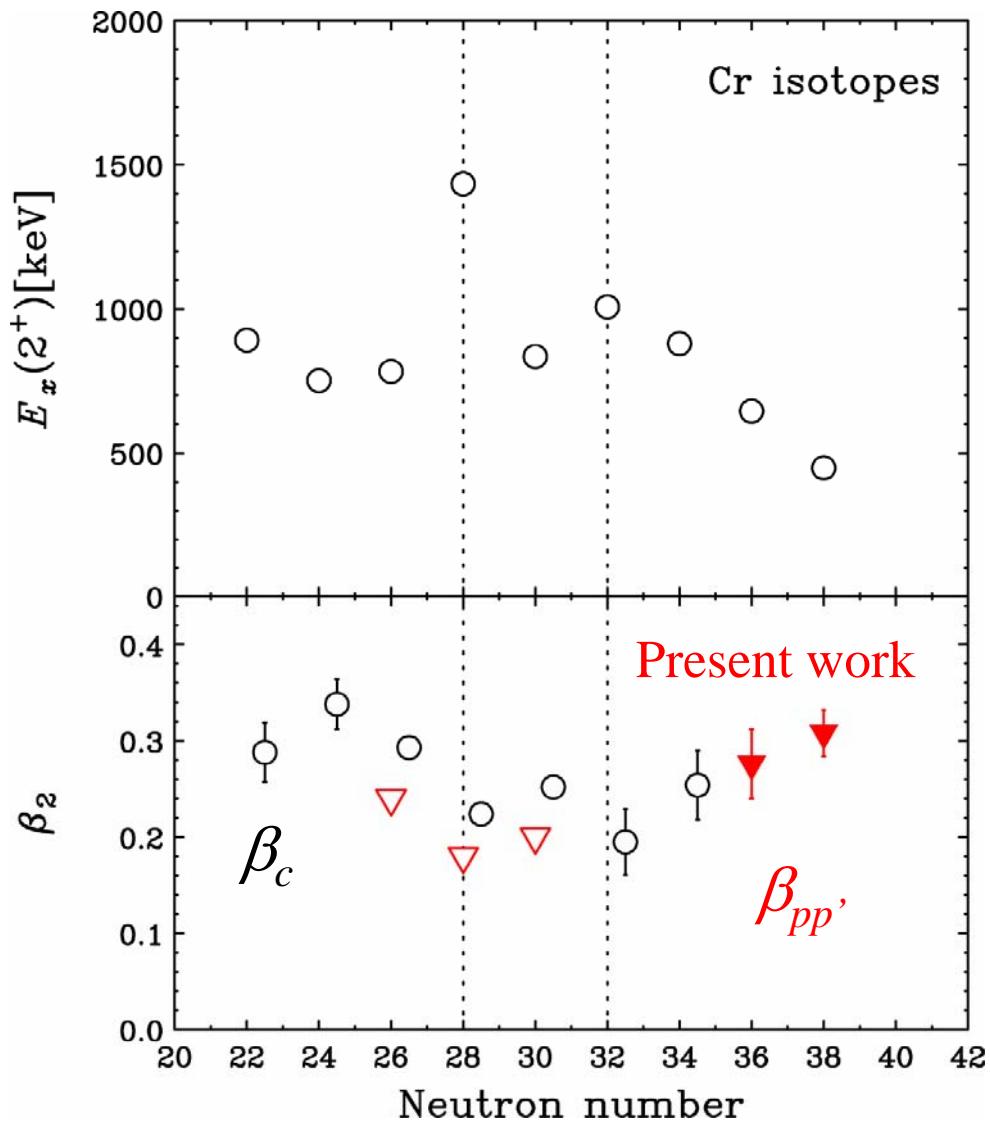


# Systematics of $E_x(2^+)$ , $\beta_2$ ( $\beta_c$ , $\beta_{pp}$ )



- $E_x(2^+)$  are smaller toward  $N = 40$ .
- Deformation parameter  $\beta_{pp}$  of  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$  are very large!
- Many data by coulex  $B(E2) \rightarrow \beta_c$

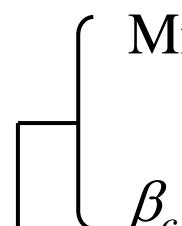
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Mn/Mp (SM-pf, GXPF1A)

M. Honma *et al.*, private communication

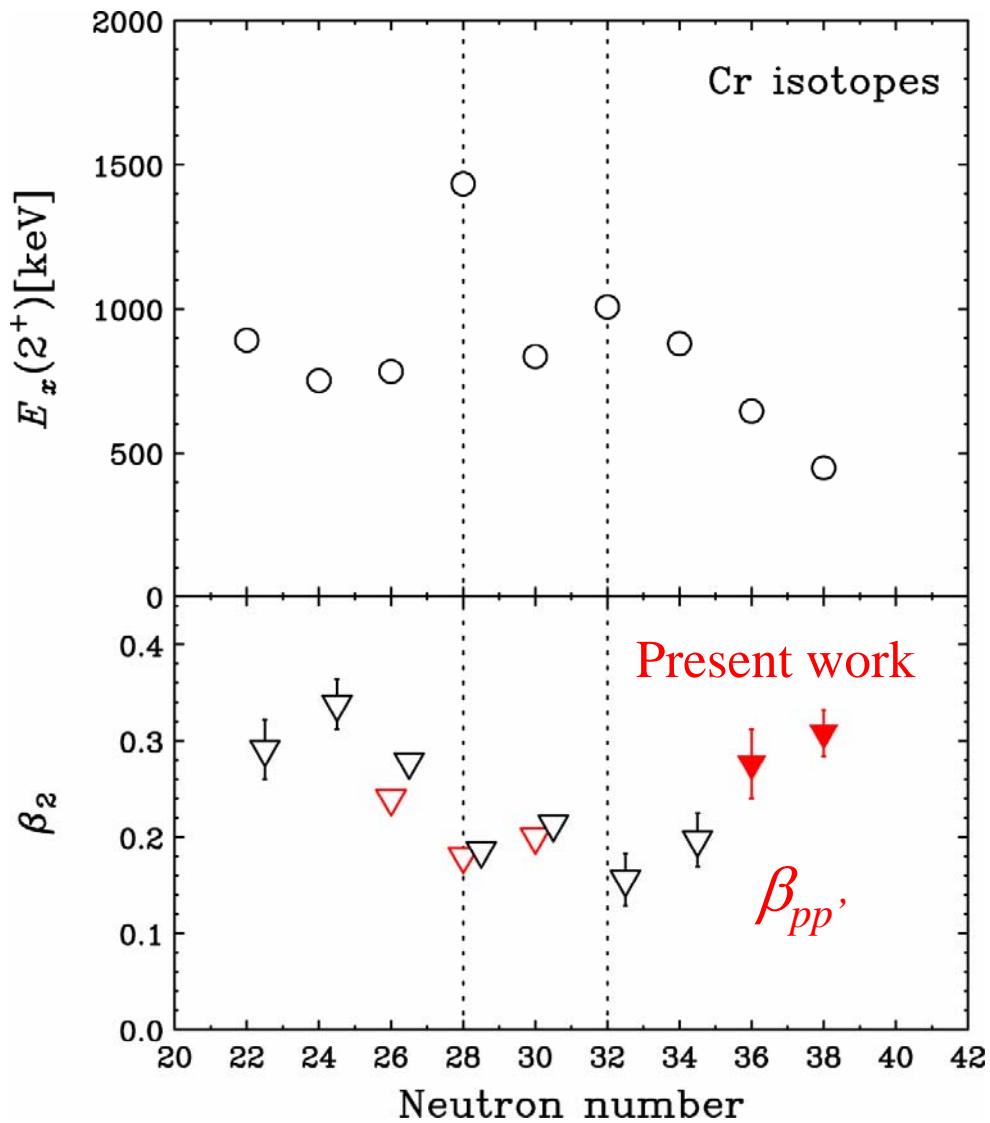


Bernstein

A. M. Bernstein *et al.*,  
Comments Nucl. Part. Phys. **11** (83) 203.

$\beta_{pp}$

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Mn/Mp (SM-pf, GXPF1A)

M. Honma *et al.*, private communication

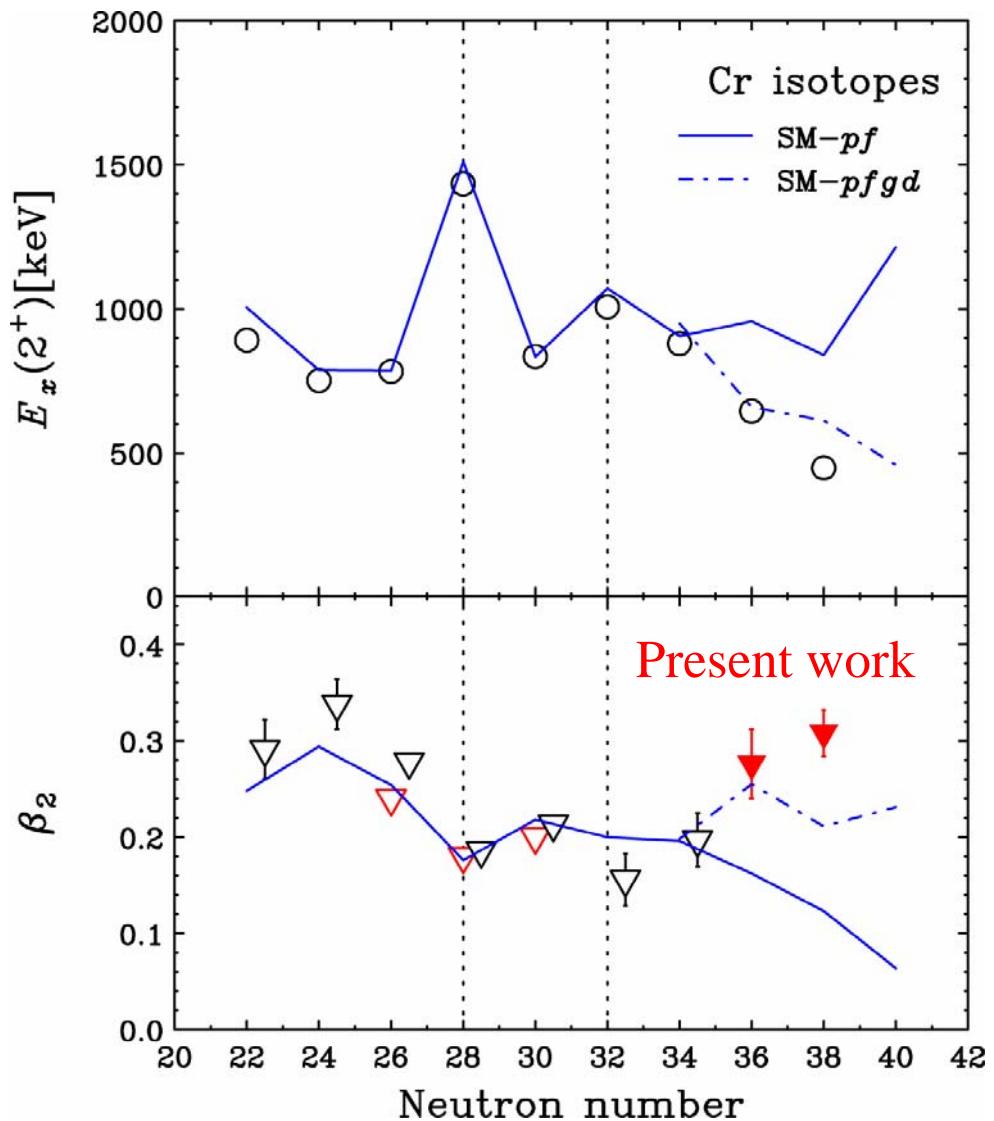
$\beta_c$

Bernstein

A. M. Bernstein *et al.*,  
*Comments Nucl. Part. Phys.* **11** (83) 203.

$\beta_{pp}$

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- $E_x(2^+)$  are smaller toward  $N = 40$ .
- Deformation parameter  $\beta_{pp}$  of  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$  are very large!

• SM-*pf*  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$    
 GXPF1A  
 • SM-*pfgd*  $^{60}\text{Cr}$    
 $^{62}\text{Cr}$    
 M. Honma *et al.*, PLC **69** (04) 034335  
 and private communication



Large collectivity  
in the Cr isotopes

# Summary

- Angle integrated inelastic cross sections of  $^{60,62}\text{Cr}$  were determined for the first time.

$$^{60}\text{Cr} : \sigma_{pp}, (2^+) = \mathbf{26(7) \text{ [mb]}}$$

$$^{62}\text{Cr} : \sigma_{pp}, (2^+) = \mathbf{38(6) \text{ [mb]}}$$

- From these cross sections,  
 $\beta_{pp'}$  was deduced using DWBA calculation.

$$^{60}\text{Cr} : \beta_{pp'} = 0.28 (4)$$

$$^{62}\text{Cr} : \beta_{pp'} = 0.31 (2)$$



very large !



Large collectivity in the Cr isotopes !!